Managing Airspeed

Load the Cessna 172 in your simulator and follow the manual's speeds for normal takeoff.

Start slow rotation at 55 KIAS (Main gear should lift off at approx. 60 KIAS. 55 KIAS is V_R)

Climb out at 75 kts Vy and note the vertical speed.

Enter the pattern at 1,000' above the airport and fly the downwind leg at 100 kts, at the numbers put in the first notch of flaps, start pulling the power to maintain a 500 foot per minute descent and 90 kts. When the threshold is about 45° off your wingtip put in 20° of flaps, start your base turn, and reduce speed to 80 kts. Turn final and pull a bit of power to reduce speed to 70 kts. Put in the last notch of flaps when approaching the threshold. When crossing the threshold pull the power and manage airspeed and height so that you land just above full stall speed of 44 kts.

Then do the same thing on takeoff except instead of climbing out at Vy, climb out at Vx (59 kts) in order to get over any obstacles at the end of the runway. How has the vertical speed changed?

Fly the airplane up to 4,000' above ground and do a power off stall. Slowly reduce power, and all the flaps one at a time, and not the airspeed at which the plane stalls.

Do the same thing with the airplane in a standard rate turn (about 30° of bank). What is the airspeed that the airplane stalls at? Try 45° and 60°.

Then do the same thing without any flaps and note the stall speeds

We'll cover the attachments from the Cessna 172 Flight Manual in class but you might want to read them before that.

SECTION 1 GENERAL CESSNA MODEL 172N

SYMBOLS, ABBREVIATIONS AND TERMINOLOGY

GENERAL AIRSPEED TERMINOLOGY AND SYMBOLS

KCAS	Knots Calibrated Airspeed is indicated airspeed corrected for position and instrument error and expressed in knots. Knots calibrated airspeed is equal to KTAS in standard atmosphere at sea level.
KIAS	Knots Indicated Airspeed is the speed shown on the airspeed indicator and expressed in knots.
KTAS	Knots True Airspeed is the airspeed expressed in knots relative to undisturbed air which is KCAS corrected for altitude and temperature.
v_A	Manuevering Speed is the maximum speed at which you may use abrupt control travel.
$v_{ m FE}$	Maximum Flap Extended Speed is the highest speed permissible with wing flaps in a prescribed extended position.
v _{NO}	Maximum Structural Cruising Speed is the speed that should not be exceeded except in smooth air, then only with caution.
V_{NE}	Never Exceed Speed is the speed limit that may not be exceeded at any time.
v_s	Stalling Speed or the minimum steady flight speed at which the airplane is controllable.
v_{s_o}	Stalling Speed or the minimum steady flight speed at which the airplane is controllable in the landing configuration at the most forward center of gravity.
$v_{\mathbf{X}}$	Best Angle-of-Climb Speed is the speed which results in the greatest gain of altitude in a given horizontal distance.
v_y	Best Rate-of-Climb Speed is the speed which results in the greatest gain in altitude in a given time.

Managing Airspeed

Takeoff, Flaps Up:	۸.۵
Normal Climb Out	10
Short Field Takeoff, Flaps Up, Speed at 50 Feet 59 KI	15
Eouto Climb Flanc IIn	
Normal Cas Level	45
Normal, 10,000 Feet	
Best Rate of Climb, Sea Level	
Best Rate of Climb, 10,000 Feet	
Best Angle of Climb. Sea Level	
Best Angle of Climb, 10,000 Feet 61 KI	AS
I anding Approach:	. ~
Normal Approach Flans IIn	AS
Mormal Approach Flans 40°	
Short Field Approach, Flaps 40° 60 KI	AS
Rallrod Landing	
Maximum Power, Flaps 20°	AS
Maximum Recommended Turbulent Air Penetration Speed:	
2300 Lbs	AS
2300 Lbs	
1950 Lps	
1600 Lbs	110
Maximum Demonstrated Crosswind Velocity:	ma
Takeoff or Landing	115

STALL SPEEDS

CONDITIONS: Power Off

NOTES

- Maximum altitude loss during a stall recovery may be as much as 180 feet.
- 2. KIAS values are approximate.

MOST REARWARD CENTER OF GRAVITY

V		FLAP DEFLECTION	ANGLE OF BANK								
	WEIGHT LBS		0°		30°		45 ⁰		60°		
			KIAS	KCAS	KIAS	KCAS	KIAS	KCAS	KIAS	KCAS	
		UP	42	50	45	54	50	59	59	71	
	2300	10 ⁰	38	47	40	51	45	56	54	66	
		40°	36	44	38	47	43	52	51	62	

MOST FORWARD CENTER OF GRAVITY

	FLAP DEFLECTION	ANGLE OF BANK								
WEIGHT LBS		0°		30°		45 ⁰		60 ⁰		
		KIAS	KCAS	KIAS	KCAS	KIAS	KCAS	KIAS	KCAS	
	UP	47	53	51	57	56	63	66	75	
2300	10 ⁰	44	51	47	55	52	61	62	72	
	40 ⁰	41	47	44	51	49	56	58	66	

Figure 5-3. Stall Speeds